

TYK2 (Phospho-Tyr1054)

Signalway Antibody

Order: order@swbio.com

#11148

Catalog Number: 11148-1, 11148-2 **Amount:** 50µg/50µl, 100µg/100µl

Swiss-Prot No.: P29597

Form of Antibody: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM

NaCl,0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. **Storage/Stability:** Store at -20°C/1 year

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized phosphopeptide derived from human TYK2 around the phosphorylation site of tyrosine 1054 (H-E-Y_P-Y-R).

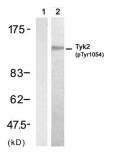
Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation site

Specificity/Sensitivity: TYK2 (phospho-Tyr1054) antibody detects endogenous levels of TYK2 only when phosphorylated at tyrosine 1054

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Applications:

Predicted MW: 140 kd WB: 1:500~1:1000



Western blot analysis of extracts from HT-29 cells untreated or treated with Anisomycin (20min), using TYK2 (phospho-Tyr1054) antibody(#11148, Lane 1 and 2).

Anisomycin - +

Background: TYK2 encodes a member of the tyrosine kinase and, more specifically, the Janus kinases (JAKs) protein families. This protein associates with the cytoplasmic domain of type I and type II cytokine receptors and promulgate cytokine signals by phosphorylating receptor subunits. It is also component of both the type I and type III interferon signaling pathways. As such, it may play a role in anti-viral immunity. A mutation in this gene has been associated with hyperimmunoglobulin E syndrome (HIES) - a primary immunodeficiency characterized by elevated serum immunoglobulin E.

References: Zheng H, et al. (2005) Mol Cell Proteomics. 4(6):721-730.

Gauzzi MC, et al. (1996) J Biol Chem. 271(34): 20494-20500.