

PKCβ (Phospho-Thr641) Antibody

#11172

Catalog Number: 11172-1, 11172-2 **Amount:** 50µg/50µl, 100µg/100µl

Swiss-Prot No.: P05771

Form of Antibody: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM

NaCl,0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. **Storage/Stability:** Store at -20°C/1 year

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized phosphopeptide derived from

human PKCβ around the phosphorylation site of threonine 641 (E-L-T_P-P-T).

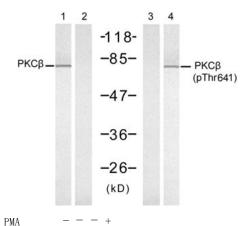
Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation site.

Specificity/Sensitivity: PKC β (phospho-Thr641) antibody detects endogenous levels of PKC β only when phosphorylated at threonine 641.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

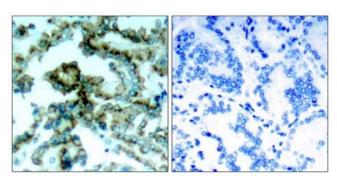
Applications:

Predicted MW: 82 kd

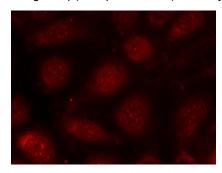


Peptide - + - -

Western blot analysis of extracts from K562 cells, untreated or treated with PMA (1ng/ml, 10min), using PKC β (Ab-641) antibody (#21184, Line 1 and 2) and PKC β (Phospho-Thr641) antibody (#11172, Line 3 and 4).



P-Peptide - +
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embeddedhuman breast carcinoma tissue, using PKCβ(Phospho-Thr641) antibody (#11172).



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed MCF7 cells using PKCβ (phospho-Thr641) antibody(#11172, Red).

Background:

Calcium-activated and phospholipid-dependent serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in various processes such as regulation of the B-cell receptor (BCR) signalosome, apoptosis and transcription regulation. Plays a key role in B-cell activation and function by regulating BCR-induced NF-kappa-B activation and B-cell suvival. Required for recruitment and activation of the IKK kinase to lipid rafts and mediates phosphorylation of CARD11/CARMA1 at 'Ser-559', 'Ser-644' and 'Ser-652', leading to activate the NF-kappa-B signaling. Involved in apoptosis following oxidative damage: in case of oxidative conditions, specifically phosphorylates 'Ser-36' of isoform p66Shc of SHC1, leading to mitochondrial accumulation of p66Shc, where p66Shc acts as a reactive oxygen species producer. Acts as a coactivator of androgen receptor (ANDR)-dependent transcription, by being recruited to ANDR target genes and specifically mediating phosphorylation of 'Thr-6' of histone H3 (H3T6ph), a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation that prevents demethylation of histone H3 'Lys-4' (H3K4me) by LSD1/KDM1A. Also involved in triglyceride homeostasis. Serves as the receptor for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters.

References:

Zhang Y, et al. (2006) Mol Cell Biol; 26: 6748-6761 Castoria G, et al. (2004) Mol Cell Biol; 24: 7643-7653 Marcil J, et al. (1999) Biochem J; 337:185-192 Bornancin F, et al. (1996) Curr Biol; 6:1114-1123.