



## MEK1 (Phospho-Ser221) Antibody

#11161

**Catalog Number:** 11161-1, 11161-2

**Amount:** 50µg/50µl, 100µg/100µl

**Swiss-Prot No. :** Q02750

**Form of Antibody:** Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup>), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

**Storage/Stability:** Store at -20°C/1 year

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized phosphopeptide derived from Human MEK1 around the phosphorylation site of serine 221 (A-N-S<sub>P</sub>-F-V).

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation site.

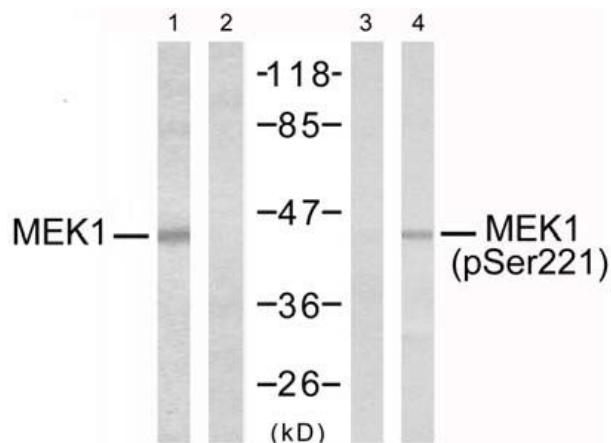
**Specificity/Sensitivity:** MEK1 (phospho-Ser221) antibody detects endogenous levels of MEK1 only when phosphorylated at serine 221

**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat

### Applications:

Predicted MW: 45kd

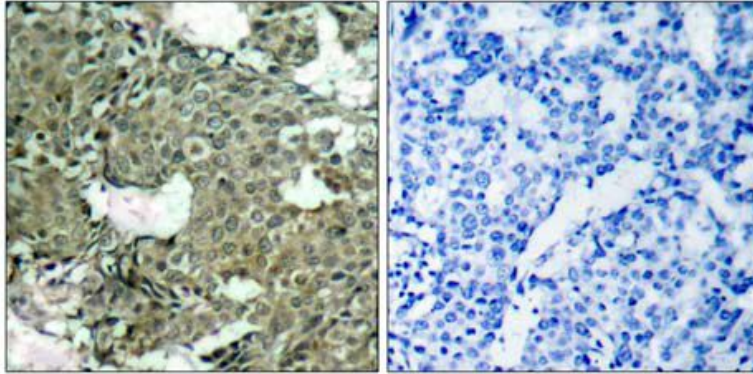
WB: 1:500~1:1000    IHC: 1:50~1:100    IF: 1:00~1:200



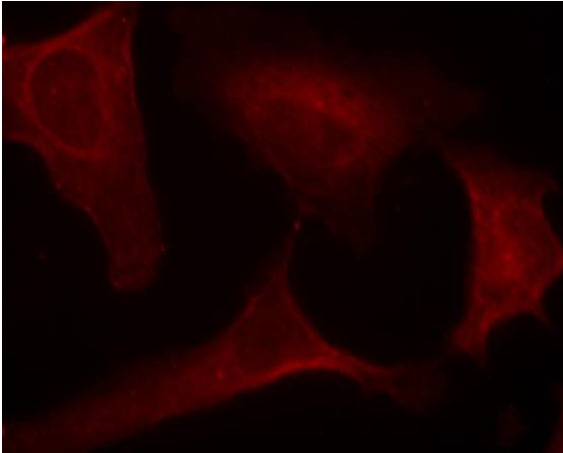
UV        +    +    -    +

Peptide    -    +    -    -

Western blot analysis of extracts from Jurkat cells, using MEK1 (Ab-221) antibody (#21175, Lane 1 and 2) and MEK1 (phospho-Ser221) antibody (#11161, Lane 3 and 4)



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using MEK1 (phospho-Ser221) antibody (#11161).



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using MEK1 (phospho-Ser221) antibody (#11161, Red).

**Background :**

Catalyzes the concomitant phosphorylation of a threonine and a tyrosine residue in a Thr-Glu-Tyr sequence located in MAP kinases. Activates ERK1 and ERK2 MAP kinases.

**References:**

- Zebisch A, et al. (2006) Cancer Res; 66(7): 3401-8.
- Luciano BS, et al.(2006)J Biol Chem; 279(50): 52117-23.
- Wang X, et al. (2003) Oncogene; 22(1): 109-16.
- Gopalbhai K, et al. (2003) J Biol Chem; 278(10): 8118-25.
- Ling MT, et al. (2002)Oncogene; 21(55): 8498-505.